



2 June 2016

Mr. Angelo Cacciatore
Product Safety & Compliance Engineer
MIDDLE ATLANTIC PRODUCTS
300 Fairfield Road
Fairfield, NJ 07004

Project 167535 – Middle Atlantic Products, 2016 Seismic Testing

Re: Observed Seismic Performance of DWR Series Enclosures

Dear Mr. Cacciatore:

At your request, Julie A. Galbraith, P.E. of Simpson Gumpertz & Heger Inc. (SGH) observed seismic qualification testing of the DWR series wall mounted rack enclosures. The testing was conducted at Middle Atlantic Products, Inc. (Middle Atlantic) Fairfield, New Jersey facility on 17 May 2016.

The enclosures selected for testing, the DWR-3532 and DWR-1032, are the deepest models in the series, with the largest and smallest wall footprints, respectively. As the enclosure frame and anchorage details for each footprint within a series are identical, regardless of depth, the tested enclosures represent a worst case for seismic loading; and testing results for the deepest enclosures are applicable to all other DWR series enclosures with equal or lesser depth and the same footprint. Therefore, the tested enclosures are considered to bind the results for all enclosures in the series.

Previous testing of the DWR series enclosures was performed in 2011, with a corresponding qualification letter issued in that year. However the DWR series has recently been redesigned to eliminate several brackets and provide cutouts. The present testing is intended to re-evaluate the DWR series for seismic qualification of the new design. Therefore, the findings presented herein supersede all previous seismic testing letters for DWR series.

TEST PROCEDURE

Each enclosure was statically tested on an inclined test frame. Prior to testing, each enclosure was anchored to a wall test frame which is then mounted on the inclining test frame. The racks were then loaded with rack-mounted weights, positioned such that 50% of their total weight was placed in the bottom third of the enclosure rack height, 25% in the middle third, and 25% in the top third.

After installation we made initial observations and measurements of geometry. Then, the entire assembly was slowly tipped to a target angle to simulate lateral seismic loading. At maximum inclination, we again observed the enclosure for any signs of distress or extreme deformations.

SIMPSON GUMPERTZ & HEGER INC.

500 12th Street, Suite 270, Oakland, CA 94607

main: 510.457.4600 fax: 510.457.4599 www.sgh.com

Boston | Chicago | Houston | New York | San Francisco | Southern California | Washington, DC

The enclosure was then lowered back to its original at-rest position and inspected for signs of permanent deformation. Each enclosure was tested in both the back-to-front direction and orthogonal side-to-side direction. At completion of testing of each enclosure, while still containing the rack weights, the lock, the latch, and the pivot mechanism were all examined and operability was verified.

We determined the quantity of weight for each test based on the enclosure's target content capacity rating, the self-weight of the enclosure, and the seismic design force requirements for nonbuilding components. The specifics of the seismic design criterion are described further within the later sections of this letter report.

OBSERVATIONS

The tested enclosures performed adequately under the lateral loading, remaining structurally sound throughout the test and functional for purpose after test completion. Table 1 summarizes the applied loads for the tested enclosures. Photos 1 through 4 show the tested cabinets at maximum inclination, in each of the two directions of testing.

At maximum inclination, neither enclosure showed signs of significant distress. During the side-to-side loading of the DWR-3532 frame, slight local bending occurred in the flange directly behind the lock mechanism (Photo 5); however this bending did not compromise the structural integrity of the frame or operability of the lock after completion. No difficulty was encountered removing the rack components from either of the tested enclosures following testing. Evaluation of the operability of actual equipment installed on this rack is beyond the scope of this test program and is the responsibility of the end-user.

Table 1: Summary of Test Results¹

Enclosure	Lateral Test Load² (pounds)	Was the Lock & Latch Mechanism Operable following Testing?	Was the Pivot Mechanism Operable following Testing?	Were Weights Easily Removed following Testing?
DWR-35-32	485	Yes	Yes	Yes
DWR-10-32	366	Yes	Yes	Yes

¹ Results provided are based on testing discussed herein.

² Lateral test load based on enclosure weight, weight of contents, and test inclination. This is equivalent to code seismic base shear.

SEISMIC CONTENT CAPACITIES

The capacities presented herein are based on the testing of the DWR enclosures, as noted above, and the following building codes:

- 2010 Edition of ASCE Standard 7 (ASCE 7-10) which is the basis for the 2012 International Building Code (IBC) and 2013 California Building Code (CBC)
- 2010 National Building Code of Canada (NBC 2010) which is the basis for the 2012 Edition of the British Columbia Building Code (BCBC 2012)

For all reported values, the seismic design force is determined using an assumed Site Class D soil condition, and assumed top floor or rooftop installations, where amplification of seismic shaking is greatest. The capacities were computed for High Importance installations and for Standard installations. The High Importance category applies to installations within or attached to Occupancy Category IV facilities as defined in the IBC, CBC, and ASCE 7; installations required to function for life-safety purposes after an earthquake; and components supporting any hazardous substances. In the NBC this category is referred to as a “Post-disaster” importance category. Design for these High Importance or Post-disaster installations uses an importance factor (I_p or I_E) of 1.5. The Standard installation category (referred to as “Normal” in the NBC) includes all other installations and uses an importance factor of 1.0.

The capacities in Table 2 are considered a worst case seismicity per current building codes, since the seismic design force is based on the largest mapped accelerations within the Continental US and Canada, for ASCE7-10 and NBC 2010, respectively. This approach provides capacities that are the most generic in nature, covering all possible installations. As such, enclosures installed at sites with less seismicity or on lower floors may have content capacities greater than those provided.

Tables 3 and 4 provide alternate capacities based on lower seismicity scenarios, for High Importance and Standard Installations, respectively. For each DWR model and capacity level, a maximum seismicity is specified; whereby the content capacity shown is applicable to all locations with seismicity equal to or less than the maximum seismicity listed. These tables provide additional capacity levels at more realistic seismicity levels; however capacities should not be interpolated from the tables. Additional capacity may be found by conducting a site-specific evaluation considering the site seismicity and installation location.

Table 2 – Seismic Capacity (pounds) at Maximum Seismic Condition^{1,2,3}

Enclosure	High Importance / Post-disaster Installations ⁴		Standard / Normal Installations	
	ASCE 7-10	NBC 2010	ASCE 7-10	NBC 2010
DWR-10-XX	168	42	292	103
DWR-12-XX	158	None	292	73
DWR-16-XX	158	None	292	73
DWR-18-XX	158	None	292	73
DWR-21-XX	158	None	292	73
DWR-24-XX	158	None	292	73
DWR-35-XX	158	None	300	73

- 1 Capacities provided are for the DWR series enclosures, up to 32 in. nominal depth. Selection and installation of the enclosure rack anchor bolts are the responsibility of the end user and are not addressed in this evaluation.
- 2 Capacities provided are applicable when 50% of the enclosure contents are positioned in the bottom third of the rack, 25% in the middle third, and 25% in the top third.
- 3 Capacities are based on worst case seismicity ($S_{DS} \leq 2.04g$ for ASCE 7-10; $F_a * S_a(0.2) \leq 2.20g$ for NBC 2010) and top floor or rooftop installation. Additional seismic capacity may be available based on a site-specific evaluation of the installation location.
- 4 High Importance Installations include any installation where ASCE 7 defines a component importance factor (I_p) of 1.5; including (but not limited to) Occupancy Risk Category IV structures. Post-disaster Installations are similarly defined in NBC to have an importance factor for earthquake loads and effects, I_E of 1.5.

Table 3 – Maximum Seismicity (g) for High Importance / Post-disaster Installations^{1,2,3,4}

Enclosure	100 lbs Capacity		200 lbs Capacity		300 lbs Capacity (UL Rating)	
	ASCE 7 2005/2010 $S_{DS} \leq$	NBC 2005/2010 $F_a S_a(0.2) \leq$	ASCE 7 2005/2010 $S_{DS} \leq$	NBC 2005/2010 $F_a S_a(0.2) \leq$	ASCE 7 2005/2010 $S_{DS} \leq$	NBC 2005/2010 $F_a S_a(0.2) \leq$
DWR-10-XX	2.80	1.49	1.81	0.96	1.33	0.71
DWR-12-XX	2.48	1.32	1.81	0.96	1.33	0.71
DWR-16-XX	2.48	1.32	1.81	0.96	1.33	0.71
DWR-18-XX	2.48	1.32	1.81	0.96	1.33	0.71
DWR-21-XX	2.48	1.32	1.81	0.96	1.33	0.71
DWR-24-XX	2.48	1.32	1.81	0.96	1.33	0.71
DWR-35-XX	2.48	1.32	1.81	0.97	1.43	0.76

- 1 Capacities provided are for the DWR series enclosures, up to 32 in. nominal depth. Selection and installation of the enclosure rack anchor bolts are the responsibility of the end user and are not addressed in this evaluation.
- 2 Capacities provided are applicable when 50% of the enclosure contents are positioned in the bottom third of the rack, 25% in the middle third, and 25% in the top third.
- 3 Maximum seismicity values are based on top floor or rooftop installation. Maximum “seismicity” is defined as the design short period spectra acceleration, S_{DS} (equal to $2/3 * F_a * S_s$ (mapped MCE)) for ASCE7 criteria, and $F_a * S_a(0.2)$ (mapped hazard) for NBC criteria. For a given enclosure model, the content capacity shown is applicable to all locations with seismicity equal to or less than the maximum seismicity listed. Additional seismic capacity may be available based on a site-specific evaluation of the installation location.
- 4 High Importance Installations include any installation where ASCE 7 defines a component importance factor (I_p) of 1.5; including (but not limited to) Occupancy Risk Category IV structures. Post-disaster Installations are similarly defined in NBC to have an importance factor for earthquake loads and effects, I_E of 1.5.

Table 4 – Maximum Seismicity (g) for Standard / Normal Installations^{1,2,3}

Enclosure	200 lbs Capacity		250 lbs Capacity		300 lbs Capacity (UL Rating)	
	ASCE 7 2005/2010 $S_{DS} \leq$	NBC 2005/2010 $F_a S_a(0.2) \leq$	ASCE 7 2005/2010 $S_{DS} \leq$	NBC 2005/2010 $F_a S_a(0.2) \leq$	ASCE 7 2005/2010 $S_{DS} \leq$	NBC 2005/2010 $F_a S_a(0.2) \leq$
DWR-10-XX	2.71	1.44	2.30	1.23	2.00	1.07
DWR-12-XX	2.71	1.44	2.30	1.23	2.00	1.07
DWR-16-XX	2.71	1.44	2.30	1.23	2.00	1.07
DWR-18-XX	2.71	1.44	2.30	1.23	2.00	1.07
DWR-21-XX	2.71	1.44	2.30	1.23	2.00	1.07
DWR-24-XX	2.71	1.44	2.30	1.23	2.00	1.07
DWR-35-XX	2.72	1.45	2.39	1.28	2.14	1.14

- 1 Capacities provided are for the DWR series enclosures, up to 32 in. nominal depth. Selection and installation of the enclosure rack anchor bolts are the responsibility of the end user and are not addressed in this evaluation.
- 2 Capacities provided are applicable when 50% of the enclosure contents are positioned in the bottom third of the rack, 25% in the middle third, and 25% in the top third.
- 3 Maximum seismicity values are based on top floor or rooftop installation. Maximum “seismicity” is defined as the design short period spectra acceleration, S_{DS} (equal to $2/3 * F_a * S_s$ (mapped MCE)) for ASCE7 criteria, and $F_a * S_a(0.2)$ (mapped hazard) for NBC criteria. For a given enclosure model, the content capacity shown is applicable to all locations with seismicity equal to or less than the maximum seismicity listed. Additional seismic capacity may be available based on a site-specific evaluation of the installation location.

CONCLUSIONS

Based on this assessment, SGH concludes that the DWR Series enclosures have sufficient seismic load resistance to support the content capacities listed in Tables 2 through 4, for the various building construction codes considered. Additional capacity may be found by conducting a site-specific evaluation considering the site seismicity and installation location. These seismic capacities are appropriate for all models within the series with the same wall footprint as those tested, and with the same or lesser total depth and weight.

Selection and installation of rack-enclosure anchor bolts are the responsibility of the end user and are not addressed in this evaluation. Any changes to the enclosure design, fabrication, materials, and anchorage may invalidate these conclusions.

If there are any questions or comments, please feel free to contact either of the undersigned directly at 510-457-4600.

Sincerely,
Simpson Gumpertz & Heger Inc.



Julie A. Galbraith, P.E.
Senior Staff I
CA License No. 76178



William M. Bruin, P.E.
Senior Principal
CA License No. C57867

I:\OAK\Projects\2016\167535.00-MAP6\WP\001JAGalbraith-L-167535.00.els_DWR Series - Seismic Testing Letter - 2016.docx





Photo 1

DWR-35-32 at maximum inclination in back-to-front direction



Photo 2

DWR-35-32 at maximum inclination in side-to-side direction



Photo 3

DWR-10-32 at maximum inclination in back-to-front direction



Photo 4

DWR-10-32 at maximum inclination in side-to-side direction



Photo 5

Slight local bending of flange directly behind latch in DWR-35-32, due to loading in side-to-side direction